Discipline: CIVIL	Semester:	Non	to the Enter complete (12)
Subject:-	No of	Name of Teaching Faculty:- TAPAS KUMAR MALLICK Semester from date: 14.02.2023 to 23.05.23	
Land Survey-I	Days/Week Class alloted:	No of Weeks: 15	
Week	Claas Day	TL Ti	
Week	Claas Day	Theory Topics	
		1.Introduction to Surveying ,Linear measurements:-Definitions,Aim and	and a second money
1st	1st	objectives.	
	2nd	Principles of Survwey.	
	3rd	Precisions and accuracy of measurements.	
	4th	Types of tapes and chains.	
	5th	Errors and mistakes in linear measurements.	
2nd	1st	Corrections to measured due to incorrect length,sag,pull,temp.variation.	MARINE OF THE STATE
	2nd	Numerical problems.	3
	3rd	2.Chaining and Chain Surveying:- Equipment accessories for chaining.	
	4th	Ranging- ,Line ranger,Errors due to incorrect ranging.	
	5th	Methods of chaining, Clinometer	
		Setting perpendicularswith chain &tape, Chaining across different	
3rd	1st		ANALOS OF TO THE STATE OF
	2nd	Purpose of chain surveying, Concept of field book.	
	3rd	Offsets,Instruments for setting offsets.	
	4th	Errors in chain surveying.	
		3.Angular measurement and compass surveying:- Measurement of angle	
	5th	with chain, tape and compass.	100
4th	1st	Compass-Types, features	Secretary and the second
	2nd	Compass-Merits, Demerits, Testing and adjustment of compass.	
	3rd	Designation of angles, concept of bearing	
		Numerical problems on bearings	
	5th	Use of compass,FB,BB,Numerical problems	
5th	1st	Effects of earth magnetism,numericals problems on declination	
	2nd	Errors in angle measurement with compass	
	3rd		Marks and the second
	4th	Local attractions-causes ,detections & corrections and numericals.	
	5th	Errors in compass surveying	
6th	1st	Plotting of traversing	
	2nd	4.Map reading cadastrin maps and nomenclature:-study of direction, scale	
		study of signs and symbols	
		Cadstral man preparations	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
		Unique identification of number of parcel	females administration of the
7th		Control points and its types	
		Adjecent boundaries and features	
*	3rd	Topology creations and veryfication	
		5.plane table surveying:-Objectives, principles and use	
· 72		Instruments and accessories	
8th		Methods-Radations, intersection	As the decign
		Traversing, resection method	
		Two point problem	

er skil and more as a second re-

4th	Three point problem	
5th	Errors in plane table surveying	
1st		
2nd	Transit theodolite -Features, parts	
3rd	Fundamental axes of theodolite, temporary adjustment	
4th	Concept of transiting, measurement of horizontal and vertical angle	
5th	Measurement of magnetic bearings, deflection angles	
1st	Setting out angles	
2nd	Errors in theodolite	
3rd	Methods of theodolite traversing	
4th	Checks for open and closed travers	
5th	Travers computation	A STATE OF THE STA
1st	Numericals problems	
2nd	Closing errors	
3rd	Adjustment bearings and numerical problems	
4th	Balancing of traverse	
5th	Calculation of areas	
1st	7. Levelling and contouring: Definition purpose and types	
2nd	Essential features and use of different leveling instruments ,concept of	end of the
3rd	Leveling staff-types, features and use, temporary and perment adjustmment	
4th	Concept of BS,IS,FS,CP,HI,Principle of leveling	
5th	Field data entry, HI and Rise and fall method, numerical problems	
1st	Dfferent types of leveling, uses and methods, plotting of profiles	
2nd	Curvature and refraction, reciprocal leveling	
3rd	Diffculties in leveling, errors , sensitiveness of bubble tube, setting grades	
4th	CONTOURING-Definations, concept and characteristics	PATE LOS LINES
5th	Methods of contouring	
1st	Plotting contour maps	
2nd	Interpolation of contour maps	
3rd	Use of contour maps	
4th	Computation of volume from contour map	
5th	Interpet physical land form, problem solving and decision making	ALMAD - W. HOU
1st	8.Computation of area and volume:-Area from plans	
2nd	Oridinate rule, trapizodial rule, numerical problems	
3rd	Simpson's rule and numericals	
4th	Calculation of volume by different methods	
5th	Numerical problems	
	5th 1st 2nd 3rd 4th 5th 1st 2nd 3rd 4th	Sth Errors in plane table surveying 1st 6:-Theodolite surveying and traversing:-Purpose and definition 2nd Transit theodolite -Features, parts 3rd Fundamental axes of theodolite, temporary adjustment 4th Concept of transiting, measurement of horizontal and vertical angle 5th Measurement of magnetic bearings, deflection angles 1st Setting out angles 2nd Errors in theodolite 3rd Methods of theodolite traversing 4th Checks for open and closed travers 5th Travers computation 1st Numericals problems 2nd Closing errors 3rd Adjustment bearings and numerical problems 4th Balancing of traverse 5th Calculation of areas 1st 7. Levelling and contouring:-Definition purpose and types 2nd Essential features and use of different leveling instruments , concept of 3rd Leveling staff-types, features and use, temporary and perment adjustmment 4th Concept of BS,IS,FS,CP,HI,Principle of leveling 5th Field data entry,HI and Rise and fall method, numerical problems 1st Different types of leveling, uses and methods, plotting of profiles 2nd Curvature and refraction, reciprocal leveling 3rd Diffculties in leveling, errors , sensitiveness of bubble tube, setting grades 4th CONTOURING-Definations, concept and characteristics 5th Methods of contouring 1st Plotting contour maps 2nd Interpolation of contour maps 1st Computation of volume from contour map 1st B.Computation of volume from contour map 1st B.Computation of volume from contour maps 2nd Oridinate rule, tragolial rule, numerical problems 3rd Simpson's rule and numericals 4th Calculation of volume by different methods

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Discipline :-	Semester:-	Name of the Teaching Faculty:- Mr.SWAYAN RANJAN MISRA
CIVIL	4 TH	- Minnetical mechanic on the high matters of seminance and design of bean
Subject:-	No of	Semester From:- <u>14.02.2023</u> To:- <u>23.05.2023</u>
Structural	Days/per Week Class	No of Weeks:- 16
Design-1	Allotted:-	When Bridge and San Charles and Langelli Langell
	05	en blanding signer stoken in the later were the developmental states and the control of the cont
Week	Class Day	Theory Topics
1 st	1 st	1.1 Working stress method (WSM)
		1.2 Objectives of design and detailing.
	2 nd	State the different methods of design of concrete structures.
	3 rd	1.2Introduction to reinforced concrete, R.C. sections their behavior, grades of concrete
	4 th	and steel Permissible stresses, assumption in WSM & LSM
	5 th	1.3Basic concept of under reinforced, over reinforced and balanced section
2 nd	1 st	1.4flexural design & analysis of singly and doubly reinforced rectangular sections.(WSM)
	2 nd	Numerical problems on Balanced section
	3 rd	Numerical problems on Balanced section
	4 th	Numerical problems on under reinforced section
	5 th	Numerical problems on under reinforced section
3 rd	1 st	Numerical problems on over reinforced section
	2 nd	2.1 Limit state method (LSM) Introduction
	3 rd	2.1Definition, types of limit states, partial safety factors for materials strength.
	4 th	Characteristic load, design load, loading on structure
		2.2 I.S specification regarding spacing of reinforcement in slab,
	5 th	Cover to reinforcement in slab Beam column & footing, minimum reinforcement in slab.
4 th	1 st	Beam & column, lapping, anchorage
	2 nd	Effective span for beam & slab.
	3 rd	3.0 Analysis and design of singly reinforced sections (LSM) 3.1 Limit state of collapse (flexure), Assumptions, Stress-Strain relationship for concrete and steel, neutral axis.
	4 th	Stress block diagram and strain diagram for singly reinforced section.
17	5 th	3.2 Concept of under- reinforced, over-reinforced and limiting section
5 th	1 st	Neutral axis co-efficient,
	2 nd	Limiting value of moment of resistance and limiting percentage of steel required for
		limiting singly R.C. section.
	3 rd	Numerical problems on determining design constants
10.0	4 th	Numerical problems on determining design constants
	5 th	Numerical problems on determining design constants
6 th	1 st	Moment of resistance and area of steel for rectangular sections.
	2 nd	Numerical problems on Moment of Resistance.
	3 rd	4.1 Analysis and design of doubly reinforced section (LSM)
	*	4.1General features, necessity of providing doubly reinforced section, reinforcement

		limitations
	4 th	4.2Analysis of doubly reinforced section, strain diagram, stress diagram, depth of
		neutral axis
	5 th	Moment of resistance of the rectangular section.
7 th	1 st	4.3Numerical problems on finding moment of resistance and design of beam
		sections.
	2 nd	Numerical problems
	3 rd	Numerical problems
Í	4 th	5.1 Shear, Bond and Development Length (LSM)
		5.2 Nominal shear stress in R.C. section, design shear strength of concrete maximum shear stress,
	5 th	Design of shear reinforcement, minimum shear reinforcement, forms of shear
		reinforcement.
8 th	1 st	5.3 Bond and types of bond, bond stress, check for bond stress, development length in tension and compression,
	2 nd	Anchorage value for hooks 90 ⁰ bend and 45 ⁰ bend standards lapping of bars check
		for development length.
	3 rd	5.3Numerical problems on deciding whether shear reinforcement are required o
		not, check for adequacy of the section in shear. Design of shear reinforcement;
	4 th	Minimum shear reinforcement in beams; Determination of Development length
		required for tension reinforcement of cantilevers beam and slab, check for
		development length.
	5 th	6.1 Analysis and Design of T-Beam (LSM)
		6.2 General features, advantages, effective width of flange as per IS: 456-2000 cod
		provisions.
9 th	1 st	6.2Analysis of singly reinforced T-Beam, strain diagram & stress diagram, depth of
		neutral axis
	2 nd	Moment of resistance of T-beam section with neutral axis lying within the flange.
	3 rd	6.3Design of T-beam for moment and shear for neutral axis within or up to flange
		bottom
	4 th	6.4Simple numerical problems on deciding effective flange width.
	5 th	Problems on finding moment of resistance of T-beam section when N.A. lies within
+h	ct	or up to the bottom of flange
10 th	1 st	Simple numerical problems
	2 nd	Simple numerical problems
	3 rd	7.1 Design of Slab and Stair case (LSM)
	- th	7.1Design of simply supported one-way slabs for flexure
	4 th	Check for deflection control and shear.
	5 th	7.2Design of one-way cantilever slabs for flexure
11 th	1 st	Check for deflection control and check for development length and shear.
	2 nd	Design of cantilevers chajjas for flexure
	3 rd	Check for deflection control and check for development length and shear.
	4 th	Simple numerical problems on design of one-way simply supported slabs.
	. 5 th	Simple numerical problems on design of cantilever slab
12 th	1 st	7.3Design of two-way simply supported slabs for flexure with corner free to lift
	2 nd	Simple numerical problems on design of two-way simply supported slab
	3 rd	7.4Design of dog-legged staircase
	4 th	Simple numerical problems on dog-legged staircase
	5 th	Design of cantilever staircase.
13 th	1 st	Simple numerical problems on cantilever staircase

/	2 nd	9 0Design of Avially loaded columns and Footings (ISM)
	2	8.0Design of Axially loaded columns and Footings (LSM) 8.1Assumptions in limit state of collapse- compression.
	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	8.1 Assumptions in limit state of collapse- compression.
	Service Service	8.2Definition and classification of columns
	3 rd	Length of column. Specification for minimum reinforcement; cover, maximum
		reinforcement
	4 th	Number of bars in rectangular, square and circular sections, diameter and spacing of
		lateral ties.
	5 th	8.3Analysis and design of axially loaded short column with lateral ties only
14 th	1 st	Analysis and design of axially loaded square column with lateral ties only
	2 nd	check for short column and check for minimum eccentricity
	3 rd	Analysis and design of axially loaded rectangular columns with lateral ties only
	4 th	Analysis and design of axially loaded circular with lateral ties only
	5 th	8.4Types of footing
15 th	1 st	Design of isolated square column footing for flexure and shear
	2 nd	Design of Strip footing for walls.
	3 rd	8.5Simple numerical problems on axially loaded short columns
	4 th	Simple numerical problems on isolated footings.
	5 th	Simple numerical problems on wall footings.
16 th	1 st	To a visit a condition of make institute of a new reading personal bulliages taken as a second
	2 nd	DOUBT CLEARING CLASS AND REVISION & PREVIOUS FIVE YEARS QUESTION
	3 rd	ANSWER DISCUSSION
	4 th	
	5 th	The way, at particular that the particular to th

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	LESSC	ON PLAN OF 4 th SEMESTER CIVIL ENGINEERING
Discipline :- CIVIL	Semester:- 4 th	Name of the Teaching Faculty:- TAPAS RANJAN MISHRA
Subject:-	No of	Semester From:- <u>14.02.2023</u> To:- <u>23.05.2023</u>
Hydraulics	Days/per	PUMP 8
& Irrigation	Week Class	No of Weeks:- 16
Engg.	Allotted :-	Contribugal pump, can parocellas, escration, discharge.
	05	norse naver & efficiency CV Centrifugar pump
Week	Class Day	Thomas topics & Afficiance of the Thomas Topics
1 st	1 st	Theory Topics HYDROSTATICS
		Properties of fluid
		density, specific gravity, surface tension,
	2 nd	capillarity,
		viscosity and their uses
	3 rd	Pressure and its measurements:
		intensity of pressure, atmospheric
		pressure, gauge pressure, absolute pressure and vacuum pressure
	4 th	relationship
		between atmospheric pressure
	5 th	absolute pressure and gauge pressure: pressure
- nd		Head; pressure gauges.
2 nd	1 st	Pressure exerted on an immersed surface:
1	nd	Total pressure
	2 nd	Resultant pressure,
	3 rd	Expression for total pressure exerted on horizontal
	4 th	Example and Numerical Problem
	5 th	Expression for total pressure vertical surface
3 rd	1 st	Example and Numerical Problem
	2 nd	KINEMATICS OF FLUID FLOW:
		Basic equation of fluid flow and their application
		Rate of discharge,
		equation of continuity of liquid
	3 rd	total energy of a liquid in motion- potential,
		Kinetic & pressure,.
	4 th	Bernoulli's theorem and its limitations
	5 th	Practical applications of
a th		Bernoulli's equation
4 th	1 st	Flow over Notches and Weirs
	- nd	Notches, Weirs, types of notches and weirs
	2 nd	Discharge through different types of notches and weirs-their application
	3 rd	Types of flow through the pipes
	, th	uniform and non uniform
	.4 th	laminar and turbulent
	5 th	steady and unsteady
5 th	1 st	Reynolds's number and its application
. 1	2 nd	Losses of head of a liquid flowing through pipes
		Different types of major
		and minor losses
	3 rd	Simple numerical problems on losses due to friction using

	4 th	Darcy's equation
	5 th	Total energy lines & hydraulic gradient lines
6 th		Types of channel sections-rectangular, trapezoidal and circular section
Ь	1 st	omple Numerical
	2 nd	discharge formulae- Chezy's and Manning's equation
	3 rd	Best economical section.
	4 th	Simple Numerical
	5 th	PUMPS:
7 th	1 st	Type of pumps
	2 nd	Centrifugal pump: basic principles, operation, discharge.
	3 rd	horse power & efficiency. Of Centrifugal pump
	4 th	Reciprocating pumps: types, operation, discharge
	5 th	horse power & efficiency of Reciprocating pump
	5	Hydrology
8 th	1 st	Hydrology Cycle
O	2 nd	Rainfall: types, intensity, hyetograph
	3 rd	Estimation of rainfall, rain gauges, Its types
	3	Concept of catchment area, types, run-off, estimation of flood discharge by
	4 th	Dicken's and Ryve's formulae Water Requirement of Crops
		Definition of irrigation, necessity, honofits of invitation
	5 th	Definition of irrigation, necessity, benefits of irrigation, types of irrigation Crop season
9 th	1 st	Duty, Delta and base period their relationship, overlap allowance, kharif
	Vie	and rabi crops
	2 nd	Gross command area, culturable command area, Intensity of Irrigation,
		migable area, time factor, crop ratio
	3 rd	FLOW IRRIGATION
	th	3.1 Canal irrigation, types of canals, loss of water in canals
	4 th	Perennial irrigation
oth	5 th	Different components of irrigation canals and their functions
O th	1 st	Different components of irrigation canals and their functions
	2 nd	Sketches of different canal cross-sections
	3 rd	Classification of canals according to their alignment
	4 th	various types of canal
	-th	lining – Advantages and disadvantages
	5 th	WATER LOGGING AND DRAINAGE
1 th	1 st	Causes and effects of water logging, detection
1	2 nd	prevention and remedies
	2	DIVERSION HEAD WORKS AND REGULATORY STRUCTURES
	3 rd	Necessity and objectives of diversion head works
	4 th	weirs and barrages
	5 th	General layout, functions of different parts of barrage
2 th	1 st	functions of different parts of barrage
2	2 nd	Silting and scouring
		Functions of regulatory structures
	3 rd	Functions of regulatory structures
	4 th	CROSS DRAINAGE WORKS
	c th	Functions and necessity of Cross drainage works
3 th	5 th	Functions and necessity of Cross drainage works
	1 st	Concept of Aqueduct with help of neat sketch
	2 nd	Concept of Aqueduct with help of neat sketch
	3 rd	Concept of siphon with help of neat sketch reinforcement

	4 th	Concept of siphon with help of neat sketch
	5 th	Concept of super passage with help of neat sketch
14 th	1 st	Concept of Super Passage with help of neat sketch
	2 nd	Concept of Level Crossing with help of neat sketch
	3 rd	Concept of Level Crossing with help of neat sketch
	4 th	DAMS
		Necessity of storage reservoirs
	5 th	types of dams
15 th	. 1 st	Earthen dams: types, description
	2 nd	causes of failure and protection measures of Earthen Dam
	3 rd	Gravity dam- types, description
	4 th	Causes of failure and protection measures.
Week	5 th	Spillways- Types (With Sketch) and necessity
16 th	1 st	HTANIA ILA
	2 nd	DOUBT CLEARING CLASS AND REVISION & PREVIOUS FIVE YEARS QUESTION
	3 rd	ANSWER DISCUSSION
	4 th	THOUSEN DISCOSSION
	5 th	Viscosity end the cuess

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LESSON PLAN OF 4TH SEMESTER CIVIL ENGINEERING

Discipline:CIVIL	Semester: 4th	Name of Teaching Faculty:-SIDHANTA MOHANTY
Subject:-HIGHWAY	No of	Semester from date: 14.02.2023 to 23.05.2023
ENGINEERING	Days/Week	No of Weeks: 15
	Class alloted:-	
	05	**PRELIMENT OF ERRORS TRANSPORTED STADILIZATION, preservation 数 を表現します。
Week	Claas Day	Theory Topics
1st	1st ·	INTRODUCTION: Importance of highway transportation: importance
	2nd	central road research institute
	3rd	Function of indian roads congress
	4th	IRC classification of roads
	5th	Organisation of state highway department.
2nd	1st	Glossary of terms used in geometric and their
	2nd	right of way , formation width
	3rd	road margin
	4th	road shoulders
	5th	carriage way
3rd	1st	side slopes
	2nd	kerbs
	3rd	formation level
	4th	camber
	5th	gradients
4th	1st	Design and average running speed
	2nd	stopping and passing sight distance
Province of the second second second second	3rd	Nessesity of curves
	4th	horizontal and vertical curve
	5th	transition curve and
5th	1st	super elevation
	2nd	super elevation
	3rd	methods of providing super elevation
	4th	methods of providing super elevation
	5th	methods of providing super elevation
	e1117	ROAD MATERIALS:Different type of road materials in use:soil ,
6th	1st	aggregate and binders
	2nd	Function of the soil , as highway subgrade
	3rd	Function of the soil , as highway subgrade
		California bearing ratio :method of finding CBR valued in the labrotorie
	4th	and a site
	5th	and their significance
7th	1st	Testing aggregates: Abration test , crushing test
	2nd	water absorption test
	3rd	soundness test
	4th	soundness test
		ROAD PAVEMENTS: Flexible and rigid pavments, their merits and
		demarits

8th	1st	typical cross sections ,functions of varies components, flexible payments
	2nd	sub grade preparations: setting out alinments of road, setting out bench mark, control page for embakment and cutting, borrow pit, making profil of embakment
1511	3rd	construction of embakment, compaction, stabilization, preparation of sub grade, method of checking chamber, gradient and alignment as perfections.
	4th	equipment used for subgrade preparation.
	5th	sub base course : stabilization sub base course , purpose of stabilization,
9th	1st	mechanical stabilization ,lime stabilization
	2nd	cenment stabilization ,fly ash stabilization
	3rd	
	4th	surfacing : surface dressing : premix carpet , semi dence carpet
	7.11	bituminous concrete ,grouting
	5th	base course: preparetion of base course, brick soiling, stone soling, metalling, water bound macadam and wet mix macadam, bitumineous construction: different types.
10th	1st	rigid pavement : concept of concrete roads as per IRC specifiacations.
	2nd	rigid pavement : concept of concrete roads as per IRC specifiacations.
		HILL ROADS: intoduction: typical cross section showing all details of a
	3rd	typical hill roads in cut
	4th	partly in cutting
	5th	partly in filling
.1th	1st	Breast wall
	2nd	retaining wall
	3rd	different types of bends
	4th	different types of bends
	5th	ROAD DRAINAGE :Necessity of road drainage work ,cross drainagr work.
		surface and sub surface drain and stoms water drains ,location ,spacing
2th	1st	, and typical details of side drains ,
	2nd	intercepting drains
	3rd	pipe drains in hill roads
	4th	details of drains in cutting embankment
	5th	typical cross section
3th	1st	typical cross section of road drains
	and	ROAD MAINTENANCE: Common type of road failures -their cause and remaids ,
	2nd 3rd	
	4th	Maintenance of bitumineous road such as patch work and resurfacing
	5th	maintenance of concrete roads - filling cracks
	1301	repairing joints, maintenance of shoulders (berm)

14th	1st	maintenance of traffic control devices
	2nd	basic concept of traffic study,
the season and	3rd	traffic sefty and trafic control signals
Audier	4th ~	CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT: Preliminary ideas of the following plant and equipment: hot mix plant ,tipper ,trctors ,scaper, bulldozer, dumper ,shovels,graders ,roller dragline
	5th	asphalt mixer
15th	1st	tar boiler
	2nd	road paver
	3rd	morden road constuction equipment for roads
	4th	hot mixer
	5th	morden road constuction equipment for roads.

Sichanta Mohanty 21/2/23

21/02/23